

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:* 6/m. As aggregates, to 5 mm, of hexagonal crystals, to 100  $\mu\text{m}$ , showing {100} and {001}, and as powdery coatings, crossfiber veinlets, and tufts of acicular crystals. *Twinning:* On {100}.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* n.d. *Fracture:* n.d. *Tenacity:* n.d. Hardness = 2-3  
D(meas.) = 3.49(3) D(calc.) = 3.50 Slowly soluble in dilute HCl.

**Optical Properties:** Semitransparent to transparent. *Color:* Pale green. *Streak:* White.  
*Luster:* Vitreous to resinous.

*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (+).  $\omega = 1.688(2)$   $\varepsilon = 1.765(2)$  *Pleochroism:* Weak, *E* = pale green, *O* = pale yellow-green. *Absorption:*  $E > O$ .

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $P6_3/m$  (probable).  $a = 13.571(1)$   $c = 5.880(1)$   $Z = 2$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Zálesí U deposit, northern Moravia, Czech Republic.  
11.64 (100), 2.9347 (42), 4.431 (41), 2.5624 (30), 2.6932 (29), 3.254 (22), 3.387 (17)

|                                |              |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Chemistry:</b>              | (1)          |
| CaO                            | 5.46         |
| CuO                            | 46.46        |
| Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>  | 1.50         |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.26         |
| La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | 0.10         |
| As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> | 34.27        |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | 0.37         |
| <u>H<sub>2</sub>O</u>          | <u>11.95</u> |
| Total                          | 100.37       |

(1) Zálesí U deposit, northern Moravia, Czech Republic; average electron microprobe analysis, H<sub>2</sub>O by TGA; corresponds to  $(\text{Ca}_{0.81}\text{Y}_{0.13}\text{Al}_{0.05}\text{La}_{0.01})_{\Sigma=1.00}(\text{Cu}_{5.75}\text{Ca}_{0.15})_{\Sigma=5.90}[(\text{AsO}_4)_{1.94}(\text{PO}_4)_{0.05}(\text{AsO}_3\text{OH})(\text{OH})_6] \cdot 3.03\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

**Mineral Group:** Mixite group. The Ca- and As-dominant member of the mixite group.

**Occurrence:** An oxidation product of chalcopyrite and cobalt arsenides.

**Association:** Chrysocolla, malachite, clinoclase, conichalcite, tyrolite, uranophane, zeunerite.

**Distribution:** From the Zálesí (formerly Valdek) uranium deposit, near Javorník, northern Moravia, Czech Republic [TL]. At the Hilarion mine, near Kamareza, Laurium, Attica Peninsula, Greece. At the Fuka mine, Okayama Prefecture, Japan and Mazarrón-Águilas district, Murcia, Spain.

**Name:** For the locality from which the first samples were collected.

**Type Material:** Natural History Museum, National Museum, Prague, and in the Museum of the Bohemian Paradise, Turnov, Czech Republic.

**References:** (1) Sejkora, J., T. Rídkošil, and V. Šrein (1999) Zálesíite, a new mineral of the mixite group, from Zálesí, Rychlebské hory Mts., Czech Republic. *Neues Jahrbuch für Mineralogie Abhandlungen* 175, 105-124. (2) (2000) *Amer. Mineral.*, 85, 1564 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Tanaka, T., T. Minakawa, I. Kusachi, and M. Tanabe (2009) Bi-bearing and REE-free zálesíite from the Fuka mine, Okayama Prefecture, Japan. *J. Mineral. Petrol.*, 104(3), 164-167. (4) da Baranda, B.S., J.G. del Tánago, and J. Viñals (2003) Secondary minerals of the Mazarrón-Águilas mining district, Murcia Province, Spain. *Mineral. Record*, 34, 331-332.